Semi-Weekly Globe.

WM. LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor.
A. THURST, Associate Editor.

TERMS.—"The Globe" is published twice a week at $1.50 a year—75 cents for six months—50 cents for three months—in advance.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Tuesday afternoon, May 27, 1862.

Our Flag Forever.

NOTICE.

We have not the time nor the inclination, to dun personally, a large number of persons who have unsettled accounts upon our books of several years standing. We shall, therefore, from day to day, without respect to persons, place into the hands of a Justice for collection, all accounts of over two years standing. All those who wish to save expense, will do well to give us a call.

GENERAL ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS PENNA. MILITIA, }
Harrisburg, May 26, 1862. }
GENERAL ORDER }
NO. 23. }

On the pressing requisition of the President of the United States, in the present emergency, it is ordered that the several Major Generals, Brigadier Generals, and Colonels of regiments throughout the Commonwealth, muster, without delay, all the military organizations within their respective divisions, or under their control, together with all persons willing to join their commands, and proceed forthwith to the city of Washington, or such other points as may be indicated by future orders.

By order of A. G. CURTIN,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.
A. L. RUSSELL, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS PENNA. MILITIA, }
Harrisburg, May 26, 1862. }
GENERAL ORDER }
NO. 24. }

General Order No. 23 of these Headquarters, dated this day, being issued under requisition of the President of the United States, no commanding officer of higher grade than captain will be accepted by the United States, excepting where the regiment is already organized, and all expenses under it are to be defrayed by the General Government.

By order of A. G. CURTIN,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.
A. L. RUSSELL, *Adjutant General.*

HEADQUARTERS PENNA. MILITIA, }
Harrisburg, May 26, 1862. }
GENERAL ORDER }
NO. 25. }

The call for troops by General Orders of these Headquarters, Nos. 23 and 24, of this date, is for "THREE MONTHS MILITIA MEN," as stated in the requisition of the President of the United States.

By order of A. G. CURTIN,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief.
A. L. RUSSELL, *Adjutant General.*

GENERAL ORDER, NO. 1.

HEADQUARTERS, 4th BRIGADE, }
14th DIVISION, P. V., }
HUNTINGDON, May 27, 1862. }

Under the pressing requisition of the President of the United States, in the present emergency, and by the authority of General Order No. 23, of the Governor of Pennsylvania directed to me, it is ordered that the several commissioned officers of this Brigade, muster, without delay, all the military under your control, together with all persons willing to join your commands, and report to me, with the least possible delay, that we may proceed forthwith to the City of Washington, or such other points as may be indicated by future orders.

F. H. LANE,
Brigadier General.

The News.---The Advance of the Rebels.

With their capital threatened, their sea-coast and principal rivers all occupied, and the whole fabric of their Government ready to fall to pieces, the rebels have suddenly made a bold dash in a direction where one was not expected. Throwing a large force into the Valley of Virginia, they have driven out the inferior force under General Banks, who has sought safety on the Maryland side of the Potomac.

The audacity of this movement of the rebels is worthy of admiration. It has confounded the plans of the War Department, has surprised the country and has caused no little alarm everywhere: It is a desperate attempt to create a diversion of our forces further South, and to induce the President to bring them back to resist invasion in Maryland and Pennsylvania, and to defend Washington City. The President has called for more troops, and we have reason to believe that he will obtain them in sufficient force and soon enough to prevent the invasion of Maryland, as well as to defend the Capital; and he will thus be able to allow the various army corps in Virginia to pursue the course marked out for them.

With McClellan, McDowell and Fremont placed as they are known to be, it must strike every one that the Northern movement of the rebels, though unquestionably daring, will prove to be a serious mistake. They will probably discover this themselves, before they attempt to cross the Potomac.—Their army is liable to be cut off from two directions, and they have shown such good generalship on former occasions, that it is not probable they will, for the sake of a temporary advantage, run the risk of losing their forces entirely.

It is with no disposition to underrate the importance of this bold dash of the rebels, that we express these views. On the contrary, we think it is quite time that the Government and the people should be stirred up anew, and nothing is likely to do this so well as an alarm and a sense of danger.—We want more troops and more vigor. We want a more distinct and decided policy in our course against the rebels. They have been daintily dealt with, and it is time that they be taught that the United States Government has not only the power, but also the will to subdue them. We have been lulled into security by our many and great successes. An alarm was needed to stir the popular heart and create a new uprising of the people. While we deplore the disaster to Gen. Banks and his army, we have faith that good will spring out of it, and that the new vigor infused into the Government and the army by the necessity of the times, will bring the rebellion to an earlier conclusion than it was likely to attain under the gentle system that has lately been practised.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

HORSE THIEF ARRESTED.—*A Bold, Impudent Game.*—A young man came to this place the early part of last week, and carried on a high game for a day or two, hiring a horse and buggy from Mr. McManigal, and driving around through the county cutting a "terrible swell," spending money freely, and having a "gay old time generally," when information was received here that he had stolen a horse a week or two ago from a Mr. Smith, (not the veritable John Smith) of McAlevy's Fort. The constable started in pursuit of the "fast young man," and succeeded in "capturing" him at Alexandria, this county, where he had gone to "splurge" a little. He was taken before a Justice of the Peace in Alexandria where the following facts were elicited: After having stolen the horse at McAlevy's Fort, he got over into Woodcock Valley where he traded horses with Col. Huyett, and got twenty dollars difference. He then went to McConnellstown, where he sold the horse to Henry Strous for $25 and a watch. He then made his way here, where he "cut a swell." When confronted by Col. Huyett in the Squire's office, he denied ever having seen the Col. before, but when the Col. brought forward a man who had been told by the prisoner that he had traded horses with Col. Huyett, he then admitted the fact that he had stolen the one he had traded off. He was brought to town and lodged in the stone institution at the head of Smith street, where he now has a great (grate) prospect before him. We learn that his name is George Dearmot, a young man about 20 years old, and a native of this county. We presume this is his first attempt at horse stealing, and, by the time he gets out of this scrape, he will have learned that the "way of the transgressor is hard," and profit by the lesson it will teach him, and after he has served his time in "durance vile," he will "go and sin no more."

FORT PITT WORKS.—While on a visit to Pittsburgh last week we went to see the monster gun cast at these works a short time ago. It is just the same size as the "Floyd" and "Union," cast at the same works about a year ago. It is a monstrous weapon, with a fifteen inch bore, and will throw a ball weighing over five hundred pounds, a distance of six miles. It was all finished with the exception of a little dressing off at the butt, or, to use a term in military parlance, "the rear end." It has been christened "the Stanton Gun" by the workmen of the establishment, but we do not know whether it will retain the name. The company received an order from the Government a few days ago, for fifty guns of a still larger calibre, and they are now erecting an additional building to their already extensive works, for the sole purpose of manufacturing these huge weapons of modern warfare. The gun is to be of larger dimensions in every way, with a twenty-inch bore, and will throw a thousand pound ball a distance of eight miles. These immense works are engaged in making nothing else but instruments of war, such as mortars, cannons of all sizes, and shot and shell of every description. We spent an hour very profitably and pleasantly in this establishment, and saw many things that would interest any one.

THE TIME has come for meeting the Rebels with death and destruction.—Coaxing them any longer would be adding thousands to our already large number of sick, wounded and dead.—They must be conquered, crushed, annihilated, that true patriotism may enjoy the blessings of a Heaven-born Republic. Rebels are not entitled to the protection of our Constitution.—They have repudiated it, and by their own acts they have repudiated its protection. They must be met with the sword, the bayonet, the rope, and death

A CHANGE.—The Penna. Railroad Company are making a change in their offices in this place. The telegraph and ticket offices will be thrown into one, and the telegraph operator will attend to the selling of tickets, which will relieve Harry Wharton, the present able and efficient officer, of that part of the business, and who will have his office removed to the company's warehouse, where he will attend to the freight business alone. The business of the road at this place amounts to between $30.000 and $40,000 a month, and is entirely too much for one man and an assistant to get through with, consequently, the change will relieve Mr. Wharton of considerable labor.

THE theory that Northern soldiers are monsters is not yet given up by the Richmond papers. In the same page in which the *Dispatch* prints an account of the humane treatment of rebel wounded by our soldiers at Williamsburg, it asserts, that of the soldiers of Gen. Banks' army,

—"some of the drunken stragglers shot hogs, sheep and other stock on the route, and selecting a fine joint, leave the carcass lying on the highway. *Poultry was wantonly slaughtered in the farm-yards and eaten raw.* It is asserted, and has been proven by an eye-witness, that *even the dogs, cats and rats encountered on the march of this horde, were killed and eaten with a voraciousness that betokened starvation.* Indeed they had no commissary, and it is believed their conduct was attributal to directions from their officers."

HERE is another specimen of the manner in which the *ladies* of the south conduct themselves towards the dead and the living who were and are engaged as soldiers in defence of the Union. We quote from the *Newbern Standard:*

As the grave of Sergeant Poppe, who died from wounds received in *defending so heroically the old flag*, was being prepared in the church yard, a well dressed lady (?) walked up in company with two others, and remarked that "they were not digging it deep enough." "Not deep enough!" exclaimed the sexton. "No, not deep enough," she replied, "dig it deeper, so that he can go to hell the quicker," and then she walked off.

THEY SAW THE ELEPHANT.—We find the following item in the Philadelphia *Bulletin* of Thursday last:

"A couple of young men from Huntingdon county went into a restaurant in the neighborhood of Ninth and Market streets. While there they fell in with a number of women whose character is none of the best, and one of the men suddenly discovered himself minus $50, which had been extracted from his pocket. He raised an alarm, but the girls left the place almost immediately. Mary Wood and Mary Denver were subsequently arrested on the charge of having been concerned in the robbery. None of the missing money was recovered. The accused were committed by Alderman Beitler."

DESTRUCTIVE HAIL STORM.—A dispatch from McConnellsburg, Fulton county, dated May 22, says:—

"One of the most terrific hail storms ever witnessed passed over this town *about 5 o'clock last evening. Nearly* all the windows in the place fronting the storm were shivered. The young leaves and shoots were all cut from the trees, and the ground covered several inches deep with hailstones, some of which were at least three inches in diameter, and weighed seven ounces.—The grainfields in the pathway of the storm were utterly ruined."

ICE CREAM GARDEN.—Mr. E. C. Summers is fitting up in splendid style, at his residence, an Ice Cream Gardon, and when finished it will be the handsomest improvement in town. He also intends to erect a bath house upon the lot, to be supplied with water from a spring. We hope Mr. S. will meet with abundant success—his efforts to please deserve it. Go and see the improvements.

FOR THE SICK AND WOUNDED.—In answer to an urgent call, from Mrs. John Harris, Secretary of the Philadelphia Association, for our sick and wounded at Yorktown, a box will be packed at Mrs. Benj. Graffius' on Wednesday afternoon. Preserves, fruit, rusk or light-cake, cornstarch, tea, old muslin, and any thing that can be made useful in a hospital, will be received and forwarded.

PENNSYLVANIA AGAIN IN MOTION.—In answer to the call of the President and Governor, we learn that Regiments are already on their way to Washington from Harrisburg and Philadelphia. The brave sons of the Keystone will not be behind any other State in the Union.

THE STONERSTOWN BRIDGE.—We are informed that the Stonerstown Bridge will not be repaired for three weeks yet. A large number of hands are employed, but the work is of such a nature that it will take considerable time to put up the timbers.

THE Sunday School Convention of Juniata district, East Baltimore Conference, will meet in Petersburg, on Tuesday evening, June 10th, at 7½ o'clock. The opening sermon by Rev. J. A. Coloman. The punctual attendance of all the preachers with a lay delegate from each charge is requested.

BY ORDER No. 1, issued by General Lane, in to-day's *Globe*, it will be seen that the commissioned officers and military under their command, are called to a discharge of their duty. We hope the patriotism of Old Huntingdon will not be behind other counties

MORE MEN WANTED.—A dispatch dated Washington, May 23, says:—

"The War Department has called for no definite number of troops, but has re-opened the recruiting stations lately closed by order.

Some new regiments will be raised for special service, as in Kentucky, for the military commandant appointed there. Beyond this no formal call has been made on States for volunteers. The main object is to obtain a reserve to fill up existing regiments."

VARIETY ENVELOPES.—Coleman & Co's Union Variety Packages are for sale at Lewis' Book Store. They make a very handsome present for all ages. The jewelry is of a better quality than can be secured in any other package or in any other way for the same money. The buyer of an envelope can get any article of jewelry he or she may select from specimens. Call and see for yourself. Price 50 cts.

ANOTHER BOUQUET.—Another little lady friend, Miss Let. Thomas, has presented us with a beautiful bouquet. We never refuse such presents, especially when they are accompanied with a smile as sweet as the flowers. Miss Let. has our thanks.

☞ Geo. S. Dennison, from the neighborhood of New Orleans, has been appointed Collector for that post by the Secretary of the Treasury. Collectors will also be appointed for Beaufort, N. C., and Port Royal, as soon as proper persons can be selected.

GEN. HALLECK passed through this place on his way east on Saturday night. But very few of our citizens got to see him as it was not known that he would pass through here.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.—D. P. Gwin has just opened a splendid lot of Ladies Dress Goods of the latest styles. He is prepared to please all who will favor him with a call.

THE PRESIDENT CALLING FOR MORE MEN.—The President has called upon the Governors of States for two hundred thousand more men, and the act has been legalized by Congress.

☞ Fine Cigars and Tobacco for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Our Army Correspondence.

CAMP GREENFIELD, NEAR NEWMARKET, VA., May 8, 1862.

EDITORS GLOBE:—As nothing of very great importance has occurred in this part of Dixie, since my letter of March 30th, perhaps this may not be very interesting. We (110th Penna) left Winchester the 29th ult., and marched sixty miles southward. We joined our Brigade at New Market, and arrived near Harrisonburg 3d inst., where we joined our Division again.

Next day being Sunday, the startling rumor was in circulation, that Jackson was largely reinforced, and was advancing on us. Our whole force was ordered to fall back several miles. The object was to select a good position for a battle ground. The most of our forces are screened from observation behind hills, and in woods, in order *to draw the rebels on. Our artillery* batteries are placed in such a position, on hills, that they can sweep the valley in every direction. Our regiment is stationed near one of the batteries to support it in case of a battle. If "stonewall Jackson" and his rebel force should visit us, I think he will get a warm reception. They wont have stone fences to fight behind, as they had at Winchester. They would have been captured long ago had they not burned all the bridges, while they were retreating thus delaying our force. They also destroyed all the bridges, locomotives and cars on the Strasburg and Manassas Gap Railroad, which runs to New Market.

The weather is very warm here during the day and the nights are very cool.

The "secesh" ladies in the towns which we have passed through, all looked very black at us.

There are very few men left in this country, all being in the rebel army except a few old men. In Winchester the ladies are generally good looking, but *there is too much secesh about them.* They wont walk under the stars and stripes floating over the pavements. They cross the streets in order to get around them.

Strong and free like the eagle's flight,
Our glorious banner shall wave,
While treason's flag thrust out of sight,
Shall sink in its watery grave.

Yours respectfully,
WM. T. MCCOY,
Co. B. 110th Regiment P. V.

HEADQUARTERS, 5th BRIGADE, }
CAMP NEAR CORINTH, Miss., }
May 14, 1862. }

WILLIAM LEWIS, Esq.—*Dear Sir*:—We are encamped within six miles of Corinth, at which place we are daily expecting to engage the enemy, and end the war in the South-west. Skirmishing between the pickets is an every day occurrence. We have force enough here to sustain the old flag notwithstanding the enemy is well intrenched and appear determined to fight at all hazards.

Our brigade consists of the 29th and 30th Indiana, 34th Illinois, and the 77th Penna. volunteers; the latter is the only Penna. regiment here and the only one that took part in the battle of Shiloh. Col. Stumbaugh has been in command of the brigade since the 8th of April, *vice* Col. E. N. Kirk, who fell severely wounded on the 7th. Too much praise cannot be awarded Col. Stumbaugh for the skillful and efficient manner in which he, with the 77th represented, sustained the honor and added new laurels to the wreath already woven for the Keystone State in the great battle of Shiloh.

The men, as a general thing, are enjoying good health and fine spirits, and anxious to engage the enemy again and bring the war to a speedy close.

Yours respectfully,
Capt. S. T. DAVIS.

☞ Over nine thousand shells were thrown by the fleet in the bombardment of the forts below New Orleans. Most of them were thirteen inch shells, which cost, with their filling $20 each

WAR NEWS.

The Guerilla War in Missouri.

ROLLA, May 20.—A train of seventeen wagons, laden with Government stores, which left here on Monday, was overtaken to-day, when about twenty miles out on the Springfield road, by a band of Rebel guerillas, who burned the wagons and contents and carried off all the mules, 86 in number.

A Flag of Truce Fired Upon By the Rebels on the James River.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 21.—The steamer George Washington, which left with a flag of truce on Monday night, returned this forenoon.

The Galena was fired on yesterday by the enemy's cavalry, but no damage was done, and the enemy were dispersed by a single shell from the Galena.

On Monday afternoon, a boat went ashore from the Wachusett, with a flag of truce, containing six officers and twelve men. The surgeon of the ship had been sent for from the shore, and the officers and the rest remained to guard the boat. For some reason as yet unexplained, the party in the boat were fired at by some twenty or thirty men, and simultaneously the party on shore were attacked and all taken prisoners. Of the party in the boat the Master's Mate, Olwry, of Philadelphia, and W. P. Pierce, seaman, were instantly killed; Henry Johnson was severely wounded in the face, breast, and neck; —— Brown in the kidneys and John Close in the thigh. Three of the latter were placed on the George Washington and brought here, but Brown died only an hour after he was placed on board. The other two were, on their arrival here, transferred to the hospital ship.

Among the prisoners taken were Wm. Baker, engineer; Wm. Stockwell, paymaster; the surgeon of the ship, Dr. Deford; a signal officer detailed *from the army*; Thomas Green, coxswain; J. O. Mallery and Frank Cousin, seamen, and several others. Lieut. Preston, brought dispatches for Genl. Wool from the rebel authorities on next day, stated that the prisoners had been sent to Saulsbury, N. C.

The prospect of communication in relation to the officers held prisoners at Richmond has not transpired. It is understood to have been the intention to remove them further south a week ago.

From General McClellan's Army.

H. Q., ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, }
May 22, 1862—P. M. }

The encampment of the advance of the army, under Gen. Stoneman is still at Gain's Mills, eight miles and a half from Richmond, and one mile and a half from the Chickahominy creek.

The pickets of the rebels occupy the one side and those of the Union troops the other.

Gen. Stoneman, in company with Prof. Lowe, made a balloon reconnoissance this morning from Gain's Mills, reaching an elevation of 500 feet.—From this position an admirable view was had of Richmond and the *surrounding country. With a glass the* camps of the enemy, situated within the limits of the city, were seen, as well as the arrival and departure of railroad trains on the road between New Bridge and Richmond. Very few troops were seen, but to the left of the city, on the line of the mail coach road leading to Bottom's Bridge, a large number of troops were seen, and the smoke from numerous camps coming from the woods in front, gave evidence that they were occupied by a large force of the enemy.

Heavy firing was heard yesterday afternoon and this morning to the left of Richmond, which was probably caused by our gunboats endeavoring to force their way up the James river.

The weather is warm and pleasant during the day, with heavy dews at night.

The health of our troops continues remarkably good. Two rations of whisky and quinine are now daily issued.

LATER.

McClellan's Army Five Miles from Richmond Yesterday.—Rumored Proposition for an Armistice.—Reports of Refugees from Petersburg.—Beauregard Reported at Richmond.—Distress and Suffering in the Rebel Capital.

BALTIMORE, May 23.—The special correspondent of the *American*, at Fortress Monroe, says under date of yesterday:

The steamer from White House this afternoon brings a number of passengers from the headquarters of General McClellan, which were in proximity to Bottom's Bridge, over which a portion of the army has already passed, a second division having passed the Chickahominy at New Bridge, about seven miles further up, and within eight miles of Richmond.

It is rumored that a proposition for an armistice of ten days had been made by the rebels, but of course no such idea could be entertained.

The advance was understood to be within five miles of the city, to which point the enemy has fallen back, with but slight effort to check our onward movement.

The advance by way of New Bridge enters the city on the north side.

The tug Dragon, from the James river this morning brings down two very intelligent citizens of Petersburg, who fled from that city yesterday to avoid the press-gang under the proscription act.

In view of the important information they bring, it would not be proper to make their names public. Having been brought to Commodore Goldsborough, they were immediately sent to General Wool, and will leave this morning for Gen. McClellan's headquarters, for whom they have some information which they have not yet made public.

They represent the condition of affairs at Petersburg and the surrounding country, as of a most deplorable character, and the sufferings of the people almost beyond endurance.

The scarcity of provisions was so great that everything was seized for the army, and even the soldiers have been on half rations for a week past, with no prospect even of this supply continuing for any great length of time.

The rebel army, or, at least, a great portion of it, they represent being demoralized and dispirited to such an extent that it is only held together by the most rigorous appliance of military law. Still the work of conscription was progressing, and the roads to Richmond were thronged with unarmed men, old and young, being driven along under a strong guard of armed men. They represent that no people in modern times have suffered more than the people of Virginia are now suffering, every household being in mourning, with the prospect of an approaching famine.

They also state that Beauregard arrived at Richmond on Tuesday. On being questioned as to their authority for this statement, they said that it was so announced and understood at Petersburg on Wednesday morning, and no one doubted the fact.

Jeff. Davis and the military authorities had declared their intention to fight to the death before Richmond, but strong suspicions were entertained that it was really the purpose to abandon the city after a short defence at the works surrounding it.

Large numbers of women and children from Richmond had arrived at Petersburg, and they represent the distress prevailing in that city as beyond description.

Threats were made by the soldiers from the Gulf States that they will only leave Richmond in ashes; and great fears were entertained that the threat would be carried into effect. It would produce the greatest efforts on the part of the citizens to prevent such a catastrophe.

The number of rebel forces at Richmond and the vicinity was generally believed to be fully 200,000, including the unarmed and poorly armed troops of recent levies, who are having pikes put in their hands for active service.

Deserters from Fort Darling report that the infantry force in the vicinity of that work is nearly 30,000.

AFFAIRS AT NORFOLK.

BALTIMORE, May 24.—The following is taken from the special correspondence of the *American*, from Fortress Monroe:

There is but little change in the condition of affairs at Norfolk. The Mayor and City Councils still refuse to take the oath of allegiance.

Gen. Wool had an interview with them yesterday, but they still remain in sulks, so that he now refuses all intercourse with the people of Norfolk and Portsmouth. Even the little business they have been doing in the way of selling strawberries and peas is now stopped.

Gen. Wool sent up a proclamation to Norfolk this morning, notifying the people that the matter was entirely in their own hands. So soon as they acknowledged the supremacy of the Government, they will enjoy its fostering aid and encouragement, but while they remain in their present rebellious mood they will be cut off from all the advantages of trade and commerce, and the city will be governed by strict martial law. He also assures them that no contingency can possibly arise whereby Norfolk will again be given up to the control of the rebel Government, and that those who entertain Union sentiments can give expression to them, with the assurance of being amply protected in all their rights as citizens of the United States.

Most of the stores are now open and the sale of such goods as they have is progressing. As far as can be ascertained, no one is willing to receive Confederate notes at par. Business is mostly done in the small notes of Virginia banks and other chartered corporations. The Government notes are received with great avidity.

The Union men of Norfolk still hold back, afraid to express their sentiments openly in defiance of the rebellious spirit around them.

Quite an enthusiastic Union meeting was held at Portsmouth on Thursday night, at which not less than 800 were present, including many Union men from Norfolk.

The course of the Government in refusing to allow provisions to come there for the use of the loyal people was severely criticized and the propriety of such a course by no means admitted.

The scarcity of provisions and necessaries of life is so great and prices so high, that the poorer classes have to live almost entirely on fish and oysters. The Secessionists are nearly all wealthy people, who can stand the high prices, and have laid in their stocks long since. No doubt the decision of Gen. Wool is leading to great suffering among the poorer classes.

They have suffered beyond endurance for a year past, and when the *old flag again entered*, they hailed it with delight, and naturally expected a speedy relief from their privations.

It is estimated that there are now in Norfolk and Portsmouth not less than 1000 deserters from the force with which General Huger left Norfolk, and those that have come in and are still arriving in squads of ten and twenty, did not succeed in escaping until after they reached Petersburg, and are in a most deplorable condition.

A party who came in to-day say there must be nearly a thousand men scattered through the woods behind them. All willingly take the oath of allegiance, and appear most happy to have escaped from the rebel army.

The Minnesota will proceed to Norfolk to-morrow morning, when the whole fleet will have abandoned Old Point, and taken up a position at the old Naval Station.

The walls of the Navy Yard buildings are in a solid condition, and can soon be put in order again. The machinery was taken out of the buildings before they were fired, and packed up, with the intention of removing it, but the rapid action of Gen. Wool prevented its removal.

The numerous wrecks sunk in the harbor and river, by the rebels, are all *to be removed forthwith, including the* Merrimac. A large number of shells and fuses were obtained from the latter yesterday.

From the Mountain Department.

CINCINNATI, May 24.—Col. Heth, with 3,000 men, attacked our forces under Col. Crook yesterday morning at Lowisburg.

After a severe fight the enemy was driven back and completely routed.

Col. Crook's force numbered 1,300. Our loss was 10 killed, 40 wounded and missing. The enemy's loss is much greater.

We captured four cannon, two of which were rifled pieces, 200 stand of arms, and about 100 prisoners, including a Lieutenant Colonel, a Major, and several Captains and Lieutenants.

Lewisburg, where this fight occurred, is the county town of Greenbrier County, Virginia, and is 9 miles west of the famous White Sulpher Springs.

HARRISBURG, May 24.—As it might seem from the published responses of other States that Pennsylvania had not been equally prompt, it is proper to mention that Gov. Curtin, on the first intimation from the War Department that additional troops would be called for immediately, replied that Pennsylvania would furnish any number of troops required of her. The Department has asked for one regiment of infantry, which is now organizing and will be sent forward in a few days.

EXCITING NEWS!

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Despatches were received at the War Department at ten o'clock to-night, from General Banks, at Winchester. He had moved from Strasburg to Winchester for the purpose of securing his stores and trains from the enemy and to prevent his communication from being interrupted. His advanced guard entered Winchester at five o'clock with all his trains and stores in safety. A strong attack was made upon the trains at Middletown by rebel infantry, cavalry and artillery, but it was repulsed, and a few wagons, abandoned by the teamsters, were secured. Gen. Banks will return immediately to Strasburg.

Colonel Kenly, in command of the forces at Front Royal, was not killed, but only wounded and taken prisoner.

No particulars of an engagement at Front Royal yesterday have been received. The enemy are in possession of Front Royal.

General Geary occupies a strong position on the Manassas Railroad, at White Plains. He has been reinforced. General Banks has also been strongly reinforced.

A dispatch to the War Department, from Gen. McClellan, states as follows:

There were three skirmishes to-day. We drove the rebels from Mechanicsville, seven miles from New Bridge. The 4th Michigan have about finished the "Louisiana Tigers," taking fifty prisoners and fifty killed. Our loss is ten killed and wounded.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—11 o'clock P. M.—A gentleman who is well acquainted with the localities of General Banks' army says he does not regard the report received to-day as indicating any danger to the main body of the troops of that command.

Col. Kenley's 1st Maryland regiment with a squadron of cavalry and a portion of a battery, was stationed at Front Royal as the outpost guard a mile and a half from the main stem of the Manassas Railroad, while other troops guard the track.

The bridge supposed to be endangered is three miles from Front Royal Junction and is strongly guarded. It is considered almost impossible for the enemy to reach the bridge before reinforcements from Rectortown or Strasburg could arrive there, at all events the attack could not have jeopardized General Banks' army.

A large number of men have been detailed for the building of a number of bridges at different points on the creek. The balloon ascension which was made to-day by Lowe gave no assurance of the enemy being in any considerable force near at hand. From the best information that can be had, the enemy have selected a position between three and four miles on this side of Richmond to meet the federal troops. The advance of the army being now within seven miles of Richmond; its *further progress must necessarily be* slow, in order that the main body shall come up to be prepared to meet any emergency that may arise in approaching the capital of rebeldom. Very little firing was heard to-day in the direction of the position held by our gunboats on the James river.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—From the army correspondent of the Associate Press, Headquarters Army of the Potomac, May 24. The driving of the rebels from the vicinity of New Bridge yesterday by our artillery, was followed up to-day by a movement wholly unexpected by our adversaries. A reconnoisance composed of the Fourth Michigan regiment, Col Moorburry, and a squad of the Second Cavalry, Capt. Gordon, was made, which is worthy of mention.

Five companies of the Fourth Michigan, under Lieut. Bowen, of the Topographical Engineers, and Lieut Carter, of the Fifth Cavalry, acting with the Topographical Corps, crossed the Chickahominy a short distance above New Bridge with thirty men of the Fourth Michigan. This small command succeeded in getting between four companies of the Fifth Louisiana regiment, who were out on picket duty at the bridge, and a brigade of the enemy, who were supporting them.—In the meantime the balance of the regiment, and the squadron of cavalry approached the bridge from this side, thus attracting the attention of the four Louisiana companies, and the first knowledge the rebels had of the near approach of an enemy, was the firing from thirty muskets at short pistol range, making havoc with the ranks and causing a serious panic while the main body advanced in front and opened a deadly fire. The result was that 31 of the enemy were taken prisoners, 15 wounded and between 60 and 70 left dead on the field; among the prisoners was a Lieutenant. The casualities on our side was one killed and one mortally wounded and six slightly. Lieut. Brown had his horse shot under him during the skirmish. The light brigade under Gen. Stoneman, and the brigade of General Davidson, of General Smith's Division, to-day advanced from the New Bridge up the Chickahominy to Elison's Mills, on Bell creek. Here they encountered four regiments of the enemy's infantry with five pieces of artillery and a command of cavalry, of these two regiments of infantry and three pieces of artillery were in the opposite side of the creek. The balance of the infantry which was composed of the 8th and 9th Georgia regiments under General Howell Cobb.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

May 28, 1862.

Fancy and Extra Family Flour	$5,25@5,50
Common and Superfine	$4 75
Rye Flour	$3 25
Corn Meal	$2 62½
Extra White Wheat	$1,35@1,38
Fair and Prime Red	$1,33
Rye	68c
Corn, prime Yellow	54
Oats	33
Clovereed, @ 64 lbs	$4,50@4,62
Timothy	$1,50@1,75

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Extra Family Flour ₰ bbl	$5,50@5,25
Extra do West	5,00
White Wheat	1,10
Red Wheat	1,00
Rye	50
Corn	45
Oats	25
Clovereed	4,00
Flaxseed	1,00
Dried Apples	1,25
Butter	12
Eggs	10
Lard	10
Ham	12
Shoulder	10
Sides	10
Tallow	9

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of Jacob H. Miller, dec'd.*]

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Jacob H. Miller, late of Union township, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted will make immediate payment.

ANDREW MILLER,
ROBERT G. NEALE,
Union tp., May 29, 1862-6t. Administrators.

MME. DEMOREST'S

Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

WITH GREAT IMPROVEMENTS AND ADDITIONS,

THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS

Four Large and Splendid Fashion-plates,

Three Full-sized Patterns of Dresses,

COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses' Sack,

AND A SHEET OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

Braid and Embroidering Patterns,

Together with nearly one hundred Engravings of all the novelties for

Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, Etc.,

and valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, and sold everywhere at 25 Cents, or sent to mail post free, on receipt of the amount, in stamps or silver. Yearly $1, with the following valuable premium:

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 Cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the sheet room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the Year, by paying the postage.

Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.

SUMMER NUMBER NOW READY.

May 6, 1862-3w.

SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS!

ROBT. KING,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Hill Street, one door west of Carson's Store,

HAS A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

GENTLEMENS' DRESS GOODS.

His assortment consists of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES, and

VESTING AND FANCY TESTINGS,

the neatest and best ever could be found in the city, all of which he will take pleasure in exhibiting, and making up to order. It will cost nothing to call and examine his goods. Call soon.

Huntingdon, April 8, 1862-3m.

1862. THE 1862.

LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF

WALL PAPER

Ever Brought to Huntingdon,

Is now ready for inspection and sale,

AT

LEWIS'

Book, Stationery and Music Store.

NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES

AT

LOWER PRICES

Than the same article can be bought in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.

OUR STOCK

Consists of upwards of

One Hundred Different Styles

OF

Wall & Ceiling Paper & Bordering,

FOR

The Parlor, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall, Kitchen, Office, Store, Shop, &c., &c.

Call at the "Globe" Building, and examine our stock and prices.

JOHN SCOTT. SAMUEL T. BROWN

SCOTT & BROWN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office on Hill street, in the building formerly occupied as the "Journal" Printing Office.

Huntingdon, Jan. 14, 1862.

J. H. O. CORBIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office on Hill Street.

Huntingdon, Jan. 14, 1862-tf.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.

April 13, 1859.

H. T. WHITE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Jan. 2, 1861-tf.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office on Railroad street, opposite the Jackson Hotel. Huntingdon, Pa.

March 25, 1862

THE best Tobacco in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

YOU will find the Largest and Best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods at D. P. GWIN'S.

THE Largest stock of De Laines in town by FISHER & SON.

THE FIRST SPRING GOODS,

JUST OPENED AT

A. B. CUNNINGHAM'S.

A LARGE STOCK

AND

FULL ASSORTMENT,

AT PRICES

TO PLEASE EVERYBODY.

CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

SILVER AND GOLD,

AND ALL PAPER ON GOOD BANKS & INDIVIDUALS,

Taken at Par in Exchange for Goods.

The highest prices paid in Goods for all kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

FOR BARGAINS,

CALL AT

A. B CUNNINGHAM'S STORE.

Huntingdon, March 25, 1862.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN.

April 8, 1862.

NEW CLOTHING

AT LOW PRICES.

M. GUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW

SPRING CLOTHING,

Which he offers to all who want to be

CLOTHED,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for

MEN AND BOYS,

ALSO,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice

Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.

MANUAL GUTMAN.

Apr 1, 1862.

KOLLOCK'S DANDELION COFFEE.

This preparation, made from the best Java Coffee is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia, and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN,

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and cakes. Price 15 cents.

MANUFACTURED BY

M. H. KOLLOCK, CHEMIST,

Corner of Broad and Chestnut Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

Feb. 21, 1862-3t.

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT

S. S. SMITH'S STORE,

ON HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

THE BEST

SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,

and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Dyes, Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

and a large number of articles too numerous to mention.

The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.

Huntingdon, April 8, 1862.

THE ST. LOUIS, CHESTNUT Street, between Third and Fourth, Philadelphia.

The undersigned, having leased, for a term of years, this popular house, have the pleasure of announcing to their friends and the travelling community, that it is now open for the reception of guests. The house since the first of March last, has been entirely renovated and refitted in a superior manner; the apartments are large, well ventilated and furnished in modern style. It is centrally located, convenient to all the depot and steamboat landings, and in the immediate vicinity of the Custom House, Post Office and the Coin Exchange.

Connected with the Hotel is a Restaurant for the accommodation of those preferring the European plan.—Prices of Rooms from Three to Seven Dollars per week, according to location.

Board $1 00 per day. Table d'Hote for merchants and business men from 1 to 2 P. M.

HENRY NEIL,
ISAAC L. DEVOE,

April 8, 1862-1y.

NEW MARBLE YARD,

ON MIFFLIN STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAMES M GREEN respectfully informs the public that he is fully prepared to furnish in the best style of workmanship, all kinds of **TOMB STONES,** at prices cheaper than they can be had in the county. He hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Huntingdon, Jan. 28, 1862.

The Insurance Company of North America, at Philadelphia.

INCORPORATED 1794.

Capital and assets, $1,254,719 81.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President.
CHARLES PLATT, Secretary.
OFFICE, NO. 232 WALNUT STREET.

THE undersigned, Agent for the above well known and reliable company, will make insurances against loss or damage by fire for periods from one month to perpetual, on property in town or country.

J. SIMPSON AFRICA.

Huntingdon, Feb. 24, 1862-6m.

"THE UNION,"

Arch Street, Above Third, Philada.

UPTON S. NEWCOMER, Proprietor.

☞ This Hotel is central, convenient by Passenger Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the business public.

☞ Terms, $1.50 per day. ☜

Sept. 19, 1861-1y.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want Fashionable Goods.

NEW AIR LINE ROUTE TO NEW YORK.

SHORTEST IN DISTANCE AND QUICKEST IN TIME

BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES OF NEW YORK AND HARRISBURG! PHILADELPHIA, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.

Morning Express, West, leaves New York at 6 A. M., arriving at Harrisburg at 12.45 noon, only 6¼ hours between the two cities.

Mail Line leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and arrives at Harrisburg at 8.30 P. M.

Morning Mail Line, East, leaves Harrisburg at 8.00 A. M., arriving at New York at 4.30 P. M.

Afternoon Express Line, East, leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 P. M., arriving at New York at 9.00 P. M.

Connections are made at Harrisburg at 1.00 P. M., with the Passenger Trains in each direction on the Pennsylvania, Cumberland Valley and Northern Central Railroad.

All trains connect at Reading with trains for Pottsville and Philadelphia, and at Allentown for Mauch Chunk, Easton, &c.

No change of Passenger Cars or Baggage between New York and Harrisburg, by the 6.00 A. M. Line from New York or the 1.15 P. M. from Harrisburg.

For beauty of scenery, add speed, comfort and accommodation, this route presents superior inducements to the traveling public.

Fare between New York and Harrisburg five dollars.—For tickets and other information apply to

J. J. CLYDE, General Agent, Harrisburg.

July 18, 1861.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MAY 28th, 1860.

Two passenger trains leave Harrisburg Daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 8.00 A. M. and 4.00 P. M., for Philadelphia, arriving there at 1.25 P. M., and 6.15 P. M.

Returning, leave Philadelphia at 8.00 A. M., and 3.30 P. M., arriving at Harrisburg at 12.45 noon and 8.20 P. M.

Fares: To Philadelphia, No. 1 Cars, $3 25; No. 2 Cars same, $2 70.

Fare: To Reading, $1 60 and $1.20

At Reading, connect with trains for Pottsville, Minersville, Tamaqua, Catawissa, &c.

Four trains leave Reading for Philadelphia daily, at 6 A. M., 10.45 A. M., 12.30 noon and 5.15 P. M.

Leave Philadelphia for Reading at 8.00 A. M., 1.00 P. M., 3.30 P. M., and 5.00 P. M.

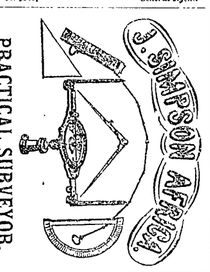
Fares: Reading to Philadelphia, $1 75 and $1.45.

The morning train from Harrisburg connects at Reading with up train for Wilkesbarre, Pittston and Scranton.

For through tickets and other information apply to

J. J. CLYDE,
July 18, 1861. *General Agent.*

PRACTICAL SURVEYOR, OFFICE, HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.



UNION ENVELOPES AND PAPER

FOR SALE AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Table and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Vermont Marble, highly polished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. phelps himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16, 1855.

WILLIAM AFRICA

HAS AGAIN COMMENCED THE

BOOT AND SHOE-MAKING,

ONE DOOR EAST OF H. ROMAN'S CLOTHING STORE,

Where all customers and the public generally, will give him a call. [Huntingdon, Oct 20, 1858.]

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.—

NEW FIRM!

The undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have purchased the ALEXANDRIA BREWERY and will continue the business, and endeavor to give general satisfaction.

All orders will be promptly attended to.

WM. ROTHROCK,
Alexandria, Feb. 22, 1860. WM. N. KIRBY.

THE HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY IN BLAST AGAIN.—The subscribers take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have relaid the Huntingdon Foundry, and are now in successful operation and are prepared to furnish Castings of every description, of best quality and workmanship, on short notice, and on reasonable terms. Farmers are invited to call and examine our Ploughs. We are manufacturing the Hunter Plough. This plough took the first premium at the Huntingdon county Agricultural Fair last fall. Also, Hunter's celebrated Cutter Ploughs, which can't be beat—together with the Keystone, Hillside and Bar-shear ploughs. We have on hand and are manufacturing Stoves—such as Cook, Parlor, and Office stoves for wood or coal. Hollow ware, consisting of Kettles, Boilers, Skillets, &c., all of which we will sell cheap for cash or in exchange for country produce. Old metal taken for castings. By a strict attention to business, and a desire to please, we hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.

Huntingdon, April 30, 1856.

ENVELOPES

Wholesale and Retail.

50.000, BEST QUALITY

WHITE, BUFF, ORANGE, YELLOW, AND FANCY

ENVELOPES,

Just received and for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

OIL CLOTH WINDOW SHADES,

GILT GOLD SHADES,

MUSLIN SHADES,

BAILEY'S FIXTURES,

TAPE, CORD AND TASSALS,

A FULL ASSORTMENT

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,

Flat Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Envelopes, in Packets and Sheets,

For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

MUSIC THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawm—The Jubilee—Hunter's and old firm will be paid by the subscriber, and all those indebted to the firm will pay him.

Bethel's enlarged and improved instructor—Webster's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Holmlo's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructor—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Bass Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dancer—The Choice Dice Book—Tune's Harp, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

CARPET Sacks and Fancy Baskets at GWIN'S.

MILITARY BOOKS.

REVISED ARMY REGULATIONS.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

The book is an octavo of 360 pages, is elegantly printed on fine paper, with new bold type, and has an *admirable exhaustive* index, for which every officer will be grateful the moment his eyes rests upon it, as no former edition has ever had an index, and the want of one has been long felt in the Army.

The Appendix contains the Articles of War, containing many important corrections; also, selections from the Military Acts of Congress, including those passed at the last session.

PRICE $2, 00. FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

CAVALRY TACTICS,

[*AUTHORIZED EDITION*]

By Major William Gilham, U. S. A,

Just published and for sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE.—Complete in one volume. Price $1 00.

UNITED STATES INFANTRY TACTICS.

For the instruction, exercise, and manoeuvres of the United States Infantry, including Infantry of the Line, Light Infantry, and Riflemen, prepared under the direction of the War Department, and authorized and adopted by the Secretary of War, May 1st, 1861, containing the school of the soldier; the school of the company; instruction for skirmishers, and the general calls; the calls for skirmishers, and the school of the battalion; including the articles of war and a dictionary of military terms.

Complete in one volume. Price $1 25. For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

ALSO,

THE HANDY BOOK

FOR THE

UNITED STATES SOLDIER,

On coming into service; containing a complete system of instruction in the School of the Soldier, with a preliminary explanation of the formation of a Battalion on Parade, the Position of the officer, &c., &c., being a first book or introduction to authorized U. S. Infantry Tactics, just published. Price 25 cents. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

AL O,

Hardee's Rifle and Light Infantry TACTICS,

Complete in 2 vols. Price $1 50. For sale at LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

☞ The Books sent by mail to any address on the receipt of the price.

Huntingdon May 23, 1861.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

FOR SALE

AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Goodrich's Speller, 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Readers.
SPENCERIAN'S Speller and Readers.
SANDERS' do do
Town's Speller and Definer, (old and new editions)
Smith's, Sullivan's and Brown's Grammars
Fitch's Physical Geography.
Warren's Physical Geography.
Mitchell's, Monteith and McNally's Geographies & Atlases
Camp's Geography, with keys to Mitchell's Outline Maps.
Webster's and Worcester's Dictionaries.
Quackenbos' First Lessons in Composition.
Quackenbos's Composition and Rhetoric.
Greenleaf's, Stoddard's and Brooks' Arithmetics.
Peterson's Familiar Science.
Greenleaf's and Stoddard's Keys to Arithmetics.
Greenleaf's and Davies' Algebras.
Greenleaf's Key to Algebra.
Parker's Juvenile Philosophy.
Parker's First Lessons in Natural Philosophy.
Parker's Philosophy.
Willard's History of the United States.
Child's " " "
Goodrich's " " "
Cayvan, Bunton and Smithers' Penmanship, in eleven numbers
Potter & Hammond's Penmanship in twelve numbers.
Academical, Countesville and other Copy Books.
Davies' Elementary Geometry and Trigonometry.
Davies' Legendre's Geometry.
Gr eulead's Grammar.
Fulton & Eastman's Book-keeping
Book Keeping by Single Entry, by Hanaford & Payson
Book Keeping by Single and Double Entry, by Hanaford & Payson.

Other books will be added and furnished to order.

A full stock of School Stationery always on hand.

Huntingdon, Pa.

SONGS AND BALLADS, &C.,

FOR EVERYBODY.

The Dime Melodist,
The Dime Song Book, No. 1,
The Dime Union Song Book,
The Dime Military Song Book,
The American Dime Song Book,
Yankee Doodle Songster,
Songs for the Union,
The Stars and Stripes Songster,
Dixey's Essence of Point Cork Songster,
Gus Shaw's Comic Songs,
Berry's Comic Songs,
The Skilling Song Book,
Lover's Irish Songs,
Dime Book of Pun,
Dime Book of Etiquette,
New Dime American Joker,
The Dime and other Novels,
The Dime Letter Writer,
The Dime Dream Book,
The Dime Dialogues, Nos. 1 & 2,
The Dime Speaker, Nos. 1 & 2.
The Dime Cook Book,
The Dime Recipe Book.

For sale at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

NEW BOOKS!

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

THE HOUSE: A New Pocket Manual of Rural Architecture; or, How to Build Dwellings, Barns, Stables, and Out Dwellings of all kinds. With a Chapter on Churches and School-Houses. Price, 50 cents.

THE GARDEN: A New Pocket Manual of Practical Horticulture; or, How to Cultivate Vegetables, Fruits, and Flowers. With a Chapter on Ornamental Trees and Shrubs. Price, 50 cents.

THE FARM: A New Pocket Manual of Practical Agriculture; or, How to Cultivate all the Field Crops. With an Essay on Farm Management, &c. Price, 50 cents.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: A New Pocket Manual of Cattle, Horses, and Sheep Husbandry; or, How to Breed and Rear the Various Tenants of the Barn-yard, etc., etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO TALK: A New Pocket Manual of Conversation and Debate, with Directions for Acquiring a Grammatical Style, and more than Five Hundred Common Mistakes Corrected. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO BEHAVE: A New Pocket Manual of Republican Etiquette, and Guide to Correct Personal Habits; with Rules for Debating Societies and Deliberative Assemblies, etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO DO BUSINESS: A New Pocket Manual of Practical Affairs and Guide to success in Life; with a Collection of Business Forms, and a Dictionary of Commercial Terms, etc. Price, 50 cents.

NOTICE TO ALL!!

The subscriber, who has for more than one year, carried on business in company with Messrs. P. Brawn, H. Ross, P. Withers, and Mr. Lazar Beer, has this day *dissolved partnership with the above firm.* All claims against the

WATCHES CLOCKS, and JEWELRY will be always be repaired. A good stock of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry will be kept on hand for customers who may favor him with a call.

JOSEPH REIGGER.

Huntingdon, March 2, 1859.

COAL OIL!! COAL OIL!!!

James A. Brown sells the *genuine* "PORTLAND KEROSENE" or COAL OIL *clear as water.*

This is the only kind of oil that gives *entire satisfaction* as an agent for light.

Beware of counterfeits and colored carbon oils. They emit an offensive smell and smoke.

A large variety also of

COAL OIL LAMPS,

Chimneys, Globes, Wicks, Burners, Shades, &c., &c., sold at the very lowest prices, at the Hardware Store, Huntingdon, Pa.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

G. A. MILLER,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., &c.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '59.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. LEWIS,
Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.
Founders, Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

FISHER & SON, Dealers in Dry Goods, Grain, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JOSEPH REIGGER,
Watchmaker and dealer in Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

JOHN F. RAMEY, County Surveyor, Huntingdon, Pa. Office on Hill street, one door east of the Huntingdon Marble Yard.

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May 21, 1861. Huntingdon, Pa.

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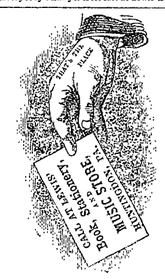

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